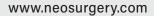


# STE RN<sup>™</sup> FIX <sup>Sternal</sup> Stabilization System

## ADAPTATIVE STERNAL CLOSURE



Implantable compound for a BONE-LIKE modulus



#### **Carbon fiber reinforced PEEK**

This implantable compound combines a highperformance polymer, PEEK-OPTIMA® Natural, with CARBON FIBER for a bone-like tailored stiffness and a more flexible fixation.



### MATERIAL STIFFNESS SIMILAR TO BONE

The exceptional fiber-to-matrix bond can reduce the occurrence of stress at the bone-implant interface by more closely matching cortical bone stiffness.

This results in a reduced risk of bone cut-through.

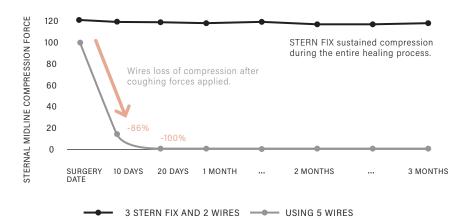
The implant adapts to the bone thickness and quality.



### CONTINUOUS STERNAL COMPRESSION

#### STERNAL UNION

DURING 1.8M CYCLES (3 MONTHS HEALING PROCESS) APPLYING NORMAL BREATHING AND COUGHING FORCES.\* [1]



The combination STERN FIX + wires provides a continuous contact between the two halves of the sternum (STERNAL UNION), with a sustained compression strength during the entire healing process, even after high forces of separation (like coughing) are applied.

When using traditional wires closure, mechanical testing results showed a significant loss of compression after coughing forces were applied (-86%), up until completely losing the initial closing strength obtained at the beginning of the wires implantation.

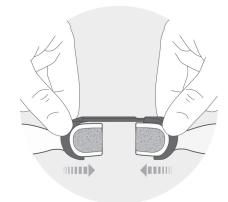
### EASY IN / OUT

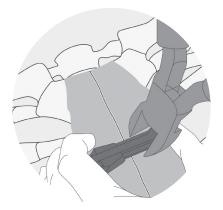
Intuitive application method with reduced number of instruments.

#### Atraumatic design.

**Needle-free** implant that helps avoid injuries caused by sharp metal.

**Quick re-entry** with a standard wire cutting tool.





\* The mechanical test simulated repeated cycles of normal breathing (91.2 N) combined with coughing periods (327.7 N) [1] J. Adams et al., "Comparison of force exerted on the sternum during a sneeze versus during low-, moderate-, and high-intensity bench press resistance exercise with and without the valsalvamaneuver in healthy volunteers". The American Journal of Cardiology. 2014, vol. 113, no. 6, pp. 1045–1048.

